(Original Signature of Member)	

113TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H.R.

To improve United States humanitarian and other assistance to the Syrian people, facilitate the transition of Syria to a democratic government, provide for United States support to the post-Assad government, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Engel (for himself, Mr. Rogers of Michigan, and Mr. Sherman) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on

A BILL

To improve United States humanitarian and other assistance to the Syrian people, facilitate the transition of Syria to a democratic government, provide for United States support to the post-Assad government, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- This Act may be cited as the "Free Syria Act of 5 2013".

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

2	Congress finds the following:
3	(1) For decades the Syrian people have suffered
4	under the oppressive regime of Bashar al-Assad and
5	his father, Hafiz al-Assad. In March 2011, Syrians
6	began peaceful protests against the regime. The re-
7	gime responded brutally, with murders and mass ar-
8	rests. During the civil war that ensued, the Assad
9	regime has specifically targeted civilian populations
10	and committed mass atrocities and other war crimes.
11	(2) Over 1,000,000 Syrians have become refu-
12	gees over the last two years, tens of thousands of
13	others have fled Syria, and more than 2,500,000 are
14	estimated to be displaced within Syria. More than
15	70,000 Syrians have been killed in the conflict.
16	(3) The replacement of the Assad regime by a
17	democratic government that repudiates terrorism
18	would advance the security of the Syrian people and
19	their neighbors, as well as that of the United States.
20	(4) The prolongation of fighting in Syria is like-
21	ly to enhance the strength of religious extremist
22	forces, as well as the prospect that such forces will
23	exert significant influence following Assad's fall.
24	(5) The Governments of Iran and Russia con-
25	tinue to provide the Assad regime with the advanced

1	weapons and support necessary to continue its cam-
2	paign of slaughter against its own people.
3	(6) Syria is one of the most hazardous environ-
4	ments in the world for humanitarian aid providers
5	The Syrian regime has established a pattern of tar-
6	geting aid distribution points, including bakeries
7	bread lines, medical facilities, and even employees of
8	the Syrian Arab Red Crescent.
9	(7) The course of the Syrian transition and its
10	future leadership may depend on what the United
11	States does now to save Syrian lives, alleviate suf-
12	fering, and help Syrians determine their own future
13	(8) Syria has been on the United States list of
14	state sponsors of terrorism since the inception of
15	that list in 1979. Under the Syria Accountability
16	and Lebanese Sovereignty Restoration Act of 2003
17	Syria's continuing provision of material support and
18	safe haven for terrorist organizations make it sub-
19	ject to broad legislatively mandated penalties, includ-
20	ing export sanctions and ineligibility to receive most
21	forms of United States aid or to purchase United
22	States military equipment.
23	SEC. 3. SENSE OF CONGRESS.
24	It is the sense of the Congress that—

1	(1) the United States should increase its hu-
2	manitarian support for individuals affected by the
3	brutal conflict in Syria—refugees, internally dis-
4	placed persons (IDPs), and others—and should urge
5	its friends and allies to do likewise;
6	(2) Jordan, Turkey, and Lebanon should be
7	commended for keeping their borders open and pro-
8	viding other support to individuals fleeing the vio-
9	lence and upheaval in Syria and for allowing them
10	to seek international protection;
11	(3) the President should urge countries in the
12	region to keep their borders open to refugees and to
13	comply with international humanitarian and refugee
14	law;
15	(4) the President should urge the United Na-
16	tions High Commissioner for Refugees to expedite
17	protection and resettlement of the most vulnerable
18	Syrian refugees;
19	(5) in view of the violence and bloodshed in
20	Syria, the President should provide temporary immi-
21	gration relief measures, including renewal of Tem-
22	porary Protected Status, expedited requests for
23	change or extension of nonimmigrant status, expe-
24	dited processing of immigrant petitions for Syrians
25	in the United States, and granting humanitarian pa-

1	role to Syrian nationals with approved immigrant
2	petitions waiting abroad;
3	(6) to the extent feasible, the United States
4	should coordinate its assistance to Syrian refugees
5	and to individuals inside Syria with the Syrian Op-
6	position Coalition's Assistance Coordination Unit;
7	(7) the Assad regime has committed manifold
8	war crimes and crimes against humanity, and the in-
9	dividuals responsible must be brought to justice;
10	(8) the United States should pursue appro-
11	priate mechanisms to hold accountable individuals
12	responsible for war crimes and crimes against hu-
13	manity in Syria;
14	(9) United States military assistance should be
15	provided only to groups that demonstrate a commit-
16	ment to—
17	(A) securing and safeguarding, and ulti-
18	mately eliminating, Syrian chemical, biological,
19	radiological, and nuclear weapons-related mate-
20	rials that come under their control;
21	(B) full cooperation with the United States
22	and the international community in accom-
23	plishing that goal; and
24	(C) respecting all previous international
25	agreements that have been signed by Syria, in-

1	cluding agreements reached under the auspices
2	of the United Nations;
3	(10) the United States should work in coopera-
4	tion with its friends and allies to provide non-lethal
5	military equipment, such as helmets and body
6	armor, to friendly Syrian opposition military forces;
7	(11) all countries, and especially Iraq, should
8	deny use of their airspace to Syrian-bound Iranian
9	aircraft, unless those aircraft have first been forced
10	to land, are thoroughly inspected, and found to be
11	weapons-free; and
12	(12) the United States and its international
13	partners should take concrete steps to ensure that
14	women are full and equal participants in all negotia-
15	tions regarding the future of Syria and in all transi-
16	tional and future government institutions.
17	SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.
18	In this Act—
19	(1) the term "appropriate congressional com-
20	mittees" means the Committee on Foreign Affairs of
21	the House of Representatives and the Committee on
22	Foreign Relations of the Senate;
23	(2) the term "economic assistance" means for-
24	eign assistance other than assistance provided to or
25	for the benefit of foreign security forces;

1	(3) the term "entity" means any association,
2	partnership, body, organization, unit, or group;
3	(4) the term "foreign terrorist organization"
4	means an organization designated as a foreign ter-
5	rorist organization by the Secretary of State in ac-
6	cordance with section 219(a) of the Immigration and
7	Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1189(a));
8	(5) the terms "humanitarian assistance" and
9	"humanitarian accounts" include—
10	(A) assistance under chapter 9 of Part I of
11	the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961;
12	(B) emergency food assistance under title
13	II of the Food for Peace Act (Public Law 83–
14	480);
15	(C) refugee and migration assistance under
16	the Migration and Refugee Act of 1962; and
17	(D) any other economic assistance pro-
18	vided to address basic human needs;
19	(6) the term "post-Assad Government of Syria"
20	means a government of Syria that meets the require-
21	ments specified in section 301(a);
22	(7) the terms "defense article", "defense infor-
23	mation", "defense service", "military education and
24	training", and "value" have the meanings given such

1	terms in section 644 of the Foreign Assistance Act
2	of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2403);
3	(8) the term "Administrator" means the Ad-
4	ministrator of the United States Agency for Inter-
5	national Development; and
6	(9) the term "Secretary" means the Secretary
7	of State.
8	TITLE I—HUMANITARIAN AND
9	ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE
10	SEC. 101. HUMANITARIAN PRINCIPLES.
11	United States humanitarian assistance to address the
12	Syrian conflict shall be conducted in accordance with the
13	following principles:
14	(1) The central purpose of humanitarian assist-
15	ance is to save lives, alleviate human suffering, and
16	protect vulnerable populations wherever possible.
17	(2) Humanitarian assistance should be impar-
18	tial, based solely on and in proportion to need, with-
19	out discrimination between or within affected popu-
20	lations, and without regard to the political views, na-
21	tional origin, or religious affiliation of the bene-
22	ficiaries.
23	(3) Humanitarian assistance should be neutral,
24	without furthering a political or religious agenda or
25	favoring any side in an armed conflict or other dis-

1	pute where such humanitarian assistance is carried
2	out.
3	(4) Humanitarian assistance should be inde-
4	pendent, without regard to the political, economic,
5	military, or other objectives that any actor may hold
6	in relation to the affected areas and populations.
7	(5) Humanitarian assistance should be under-
8	taken in accordance with international human rights
9	law, international humanitarian law, refugee law,
10	and the United Nations Guiding Principles on Inter-
11	nal Displacement.
12	(6) Humanitarian assistance includes protection
13	of affected populations from physical harm, persecu-
14	tion, exploitation, abuse, family separation, sexual
15	and gender-based violence, forcible recruitment, and
16	other threats to human rights.
17	(7) To best ensure impartiality, neutrality,
18	independence, and the appearance thereof, humani-
19	tarian assistance should be carried out by intergov-
20	ernmental and nongovernmental international hu-
21	manitarian organizations, in partnership with local
22	communities and indigenous organizations.
23	(8) To promote learning, accountability, trans-
24	parency, and the efficient use of resources, the

1	United States should support independent moni-
2	toring and evaluation of all humanitarian assistance.
3	SEC. 102. PROTECTING WOMEN, CHILDREN, AND OTHER
4	VULNERABLE POPULATIONS.
5	Of the amounts made available for any fiscal year to
6	carry out this Act, the President is authorized, notwith-
7	standing any other provision of law, to provide such assist-
8	ance as may be necessary for protection of populations af-
9	fected by the conflict in Syria, especially including—
10	(1) clinical care and psychosocial support for
11	sexual violence survivors;
12	(2) improving safety for women, children, and
13	other vulnerable populations, in camps and settle-
14	ments for refugees and internally-displaced persons;
15	(3) working to minimize forced marriage, do-
16	mestic violence, and sexual exploitation; and
17	(4) case management for separated and other
18	vulnerable children.
19	SEC. 103. MEDICAL NEUTRALITY.
20	(a) Prohibition.—No assistance may be provided
21	under this Act to any entity if the Secretary of State has
22	credible evidence that such entity knowingly has been in-
23	volved in—

1	(1) organized attacks on health care facilities,
2	health care providers, patients, medical transport,
3	medical supplies, or medical records;
4	(2) preventing medical professionals from ad-
5	ministering ethical medical care to individuals in
6	need; or
7	(3) the arbitrary arrest or detention of health
8	care service providers or individuals seeking medical
9	care.
10	(b) REQUIREMENT.—Any agreement for the provi-
11	sion of medical or health-related assistance under this Act
12	shall expressly require that such assistance shall be used
13	in accordance with the principles established in the Geneva
14	Conventions and the World Medical Association's Inter-
15	national Code of Medical Ethics for health care providers.
16	SEC. 104. TRANSFER AUTHORITY.
17	In addition to other authorities available to transfer
18	funds, the Secretary of State may exercise the authority
19	under this section to transfer to, and merge with, any hu-
20	manitarian account such sums as may be necessary from
21	amounts which have been made available to carry out any
22	provision of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, and
23	which have not been specifically designated by law for any
24	particular program or activity, to address humanitarian
25	needs arising as a result of the conflict in Syria.

1	SEC. 105. EMERGENCY REFUGEE AND MIGRATION ASSIST-
2	ANCE.
3	Section 2(c) of the Migration and Refugee Assistance
4	Act of 1962 (22 U.S.C. 2601(c)) is amended in paragraph
5	(1), by striking "President" and inserting "Secretary of
6	State".
7	SEC. 106. ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE TO OPPOSITION-ALLIED
8	LOCAL COORDINATION COMMITTEES.
9	Of the amounts made available for any fiscal year to
10	carry out this Act, the President is authorized to make
11	available such assistance as may be necessary to enhance
12	the capacity, performance, and accountability of Syrian
13	opposition-allied local coordination committees, including
14	support for—
15	(1) providing basic services to civilian popu-
16	lations;
17	(2) carrying out administrative and manage-
18	ment functions;
19	(3) improving communications, transparency,
20	and public outreach;
21	(4) prevention, research, and documentation of
22	mass atrocities;
23	(5) increasing understanding of and respect for
24	internationally-recognized human rights and demo-
25	cratic principles; and

1	(6) preparing for a peaceful, democratic transi-
2	tion.
3	SEC. 107. CIVILIAN BROADCASTING TO SYRIA.
4	(a) Authorization of United States Civilian
5	Broadcasting to Syria.—In addition to amounts made
6	available for grants for broadcasting in the Middle East
7	and the International Broadcasting Operations of the
8	Broadcasting Board of Governors, such sums as may be
9	necessary are authorized to be appropriated for a grant
10	to the Middle East Broadcasting Networks, Inc., for the
11	purpose of providing United States civilian broadcasting
12	to the people of Syria.
13	(b) Report.—Not later than 30 days after the date
14	of the enactment of this Act, the Broadcasting Board of
15	Governors shall submit to the appropriate congressional
16	committees a detailed report on plans to establish the serv-
17	ice described in subsection (a).
18	SEC. 108. MARKING AND BRANDING OF ASSISTANCE.
19	(a) Requirement.—Economic assistance made
20	available under this Act shall be marked as being "From
21	the American People" and shall include a representation
22	of the United States flag.
23	(b) APPLICABILITY.—The requirement of subsection
24	(a) shall be applicable to all—
25	(1) articles; and

1	(2) program, project, and activity sites.
2	(c) Unified Brand.—The marking of assistance
3	made available under this Act shall not include any logo
4	of a particular Federal department or agency or division
5	thereof.
6	(d) Relationship to Other Provisions of Law
7	AND REGULATIONS.—The provisions of this section shall
8	be applicable notwithstanding any other provision of law,
9	and notwithstanding any Federal regulation, agency guid-
10	ance, or procedure to the contrary.
11	(e) Ongoing Programs.—To the extent it is feasible
12	and cost effective to do so, the marking or branding of
13	articles and program, project, and activity sites financed
14	pursuant to ongoing agreements, including grants, con-
15	tracts, and cooperative agreements, to address the conflict
16	in Syria shall be conformed to meet the requirements of
17	this section.
18	(f) Exceptions.—The requirements of subsection
19	(a) shall not apply—
20	(1) to a project or activity if the relevant As-
21	sistant Secretary of State or Assistant Adminis-
22	trator of the United States Agency for International
23	Development determines that the marking of such
24	project or activity would—

1	(A) jeopardize the health, safety, or human
2	rights of a partner or intended beneficiary; or
3	(B) be detrimental to the achievement of
4	project or activity objectives;
5	(2) to assistance provided inside Syria if the
6	Secretary of State determines that the marking of
7	such assistance would be detrimental to the achieve-
8	ment of overall United States foreign policy objec-
9	tives in Syria;
10	(3) to office space occupied by a contractor or
11	grantee, or to housing, personal vehicles, or other
12	personal property of employees thereof; or
13	(4) to a project or activity for which the United
14	States is one among many donors or has contributed
15	a small proportion of the total costs.
16	(g) Exemption From Determination.—A deter-
17	mination under subsection $(f)(2)$ shall not preclude the
18	Secretary of State from requiring that specific projects or
19	activities financed by the United States be subject to the
20	requirements of subsection (a).
21	(h) Co-branding.—The requirements of subsection
22	(c) shall not prohibit the identification of assistance with
23	a contractor or grantee's own organizational brand or
24	logo, subject to any standards or regulations that the
2.5	President may establish.

1	TITLE II—SECURITY
2	ASSISTANCE
3	SEC. 201. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING MILITARY AS-
4	SISTANCE.
5	It is the sense of Congress that—
6	(1) the President should provide appropriate
7	military assistance, including arms, training, and in-
8	telligence support, for Syrian opposition forces that
9	meet the requirements of section 203;
10	(2) a primary goal of military assistance should
11	be to integrate the disparate units of the Free Syria
12	Army into a coherent, effective fighting force under
13	a unified command; and
14	(3) the United States should take the initiative
15	to ensure, insofar as possible, that arms supplied to
16	the Syrian opposition, from whatever source, are ap-
17	propriately vetted and are directed only to forces
18	that support the establishment of a democratic and
19	peaceful Syria.
20	SEC. 202. MILITARY ASSISTANCE.
21	(a) Drawdown Authority.—The President is au-
22	thorized, notwithstanding any other provision of law, to
23	direct the drawdown of defense articles from the stocks
24	of the Department of Defense, defense services from the
25	Department of Defense, and military education and train-

1	ing for an entity operating inside Syria that is not ineli-
2	gible under section 203. Such assistance may include the
3	following:
4	(1) Non-lethal military equipment and defense
5	information, including—
6	(A) protective gear, including flak jackets
7	and other forms of body armor;
8	(B) individual equipment, tents, and orga-
9	nizational tool sets; and
10	(C) communications equipment.
11	(2) Subject to the President making the certifi-
12	cation required under subsection (g), lethal military
13	equipment, including—
14	(A) defense articles; and
15	(B) defense services.
16	(b) Restriction.—Defense articles provided pursu-
17	ant to this section may not include anti-aircraft defensive
18	systems.
19	(c) WAIVER.—The President may waive the restric-
20	tion under subsection (b) if—
21	(1) it is in the vital national security interest to
22	do so;
23	(2) the President notifies Congress not later
24	than 15 days before such waiver shall be issued;

1	(3) the President transmits to the appropriate
2	congressional committees a report described in sub-
3	section (h) with the certification required under sub-
4	section (g) specifically with respect to anti-aircraft
5	systems not later than 15 days before the issuance
6	of such a waiver; and
7	(4) the President certifies that the United
8	States has consulted with regional allies regarding
9	the systems provided.
10	(d) Notification Requirement.—The President
11	shall notify the appropriate congressional committees at
12	least 15 days in advance of each obligation of assistance
13	under this section, including a detailed description of the
14	assistance to be provided, in accordance with the proce-
15	dures applicable to reprogramming notifications under
16	section 634A of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22
17	U.S.C. 2394–1).
18	(e) Reimbursement Relating to Military As-
19	SISTANCE.—
20	(1) In general.—Defense articles, defense
21	services, and military education and training pro-
22	vided under subsection (a) shall be made available
23	without reimbursement to the Department of De-
24	fense except to the extent that funds are appro-
25	priated pursuant to paragraph (2).

1	(2) Authorization of appropriations.—
2	There are authorized to be appropriated to the
3	President for fiscal year 2013 such sums as may be
4	necessary to reimburse the applicable appropriation,
5	fund, or account for the value of the defense articles,
6	defense services, or military education and training
7	provided under subsection (a) of this section.
8	(f) Availability of Funds.—Amounts authorized
9	to be appropriated under this section are authorized to
10	remain available until expended, and are in addition to
11	amounts otherwise available for the purposes described in
12	this section.
13	(g) Certification.—The President shall certify,
14	and include in each notification submitted pursuant to
15	subsection (a)(2) and (c)(3), that the defense articles, de-
16	fense services, and military education and training to be
17	provided under this section to an entity operating inside
18	Syria are consistent with the maintenance of regional sta-
19	bility and with the overall security and stability of neigh-
20	boring friends and allies.
21	(h) Report.—The report referred to in subsection
22	(c)(3) is a report that contains a detailed description of
23	the following:
24	(1) The intended recipients of the anti-aircraft
25	defense systems that are at issue.

1	(2) The areas where such systems would be de-
2	ployed.
3	(3) The targets against which such systems
4	would be deployed.
5	(4) An assessment of how such systems would
6	affect the military and humanitarian situation in
7	Syria.
8	(5) An assessment of the risks and benefits of
9	the intended transfer of such systems.
10	SEC. 203. VETTING OF ASSISTANCE.
11	(a) Ineligible Entities.—Assistance under this
12	title may not be provided to an entity that fails to dem-
13	onstrate a commitment to—
14	(1) opposing and defeating the Assad regime;
15	(2) establishing a democratic, pluralistic, and
16	peaceful Syria; and
17	(3) securing and safeguarding chemical and bio-
18	logical weapons, their precursor and constituent
19	parts, and associated equipment.
20	(b) Prohibition.—No assistance may be provided
21	under this title to an entity that has been designated as
22	a foreign terrorist organization in accordance with section
23	219 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
24	1189), or as a Specially Designated Terrorist Organiza-
25	tion under the terms and authorities of the International

1	Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et
2	seq.)
3	(c) Requirement.—To the maximum extent prac-
4	ticable, assistance under this Act shall be provided in ac-
5	cordance with section 620M of the Foreign Assistance Act
6	of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2378d).
7	SEC. 204. AUTHORITY FOR PROGRAM TO FACILITATE SYR-
8	IAN CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS
9	DESTRUCTION.
10	(a) In General.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
11	sion of law, the President may establish a program de-
12	scribed in subsection (b) to assist the securing, disabling,
13	dismantling, removal, and destruction of Syrian chemical
14	and biological weapons and all other weapons of mass de-
15	struction, their precursor and constituent parts, and asso-
16	ciated equipment.
17	(b) Type of Program.—A program established
18	under this section shall be limited to cooperation between
19	the United States and a Syrian entity to—
20	(1) secure, safeguard, disable, dismantle, trans-
21	port out of Syria, or destroy chemical and biological
22	weapons, their precursor and constituent parts and
23	associated equipment, and
24	(2) establish verifiable safeguards against the
25	proliferation of such weapons.

Any such program may involve assistance in planning and resolving technical problems associated with the purposes of the program. Any such program may also involve the 4 funding of critical short-term requirements related to weapons destruction and should, to the extent feasible, draw upon United States technology and United States 7 technicians. 8 (c) Funding.— 9 (1) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— 10 There is authorized to be appropriated such sums as 11 may be necessary for fiscal year 2013, to be avail-12 able until expended, for the activities of the program 13 described in this section. 14 (2) Drawdown Authority.—The President 15 may direct, in order to meet the goals of the program described in this section, the drawdown of arti-16 17 cles and services from any Federal department or 18 agency in any fiscal year, in addition to any other 19 drawdown authority available to the President. 20 (3) Transfer authority.—In addition to any 21 other transfer authority available to the President, 22 the President may exercise the authority of this 23 paragraph to transfer to, and merge with, funds

made available to carry out this section such sums

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1	as may be necessary which have been made available
2	to carry out any other provision of law.
3	(4) Report on Proposed obligations.—Not
4	less than 15 days before obligating any funds, draw-
5	ing down any articles or services from a Federal de-
6	partment or agency, or transferring any appro-
7	priated funds from another account, for the program
8	described in this section, the President shall trans-
9	mit to Congress a report on such proposed obliga-
10	tion, drawdown, or transfer. Each such report shall
11	specify—
12	(A) the account, budget activity, and par-
13	ticular program or programs from which the
14	funds proposed to be obligated, drawndown, or
15	transferred are to be derived, and the amount
16	of such proposed obligation, drawdown, or
17	transfer; and
18	(B) the activities and forms of assistance
19	for which the President plans to obligate such
20	funds.
21	(d) Quarterly Reports on Program.—Not later
22	than 30 days after the end of each quarter during which
23	the United States has been engaged in activities pursuant
24	to a program established under this section, the President
25	shall transmit to Congress a report on such activities.

1	Each such report shall specify, for the preceding quarter
2	and cumulatively, at a minimum a description of the fol-
3	lowing:
4	(1) The activities carried out.
5	(2) The types and amounts of assistance pro-
6	vided for such activities.
7	(3) The entities receiving such assistance.
8	(4) The sources of funds and authorities under
9	which they were provided.
10	(5) The United States departments or agencies
11	providing such assistance.
12	SEC. 205. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.
13	Nothing in this Act may be construed to authorize
14	the use of military force in Syria by the United States
15	Armed Forces.
16	TITLE III—TRANSITION
17	ASSISTANCE
18	SEC. 301. POST-ASSAD TRANSITION ASSISTANCE.
19	(a) In General.—The President is authorized, after
20	making a determination described in subsection (b) and
21	notwithstanding any other provision of law, to—
22	(1) provide assistance;
23	(2) make contributions; and

1	(3) use the voice, vote, and influence of the
2	United States in international financial institutions
3	for the purposes described in subsection (c).
4	(b) Determination.—The determination referred to
5	in subsection (a) is a determination by the President,
6	which shall be transmitted in writing to the appropriate
7	congressional committees, that—
8	(1) the regime of Bashar al-Assad is no longer
9	in power;
10	(2) the United States has recognized a transi-
11	tional government; and
12	(3) such transitional government is not con-
13	trolled by an organization designated as a foreign
14	terrorist organization in accordance with section 219
15	of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
16	1189).
17	(c) Purposes.—Assistance under this section may be
18	made available for the following purposes:
19	(1) Developing or strengthening democratic in-
20	stitutions and processes.
21	(2) Short-term economic and political stabiliza-
22	tion.
23	(3) Reconstructing or revitalizing basic infra-
24	structure.

1	(4) Fostering reconciliation and the peaceful
2	resolution of conflict.
3	SEC. 302. TEMPORARY SUSPENSION OF SANCTIONS.
4	(a) Suspension of Sanctions.—The President
5	may suspend in furtherance of this Act the requirements
6	of the Syria Accountability and Lebanese Sovereignty Res-
7	toration Act of 2003 (Public Law 108–175), section 7007
8	of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2012 (Public Law
9	112-74), and any other provision of law relating to assist-
10	ance, trade, finance, the provision of defense articles and
11	defense services, and the issuance of visas to nationals of
12	Syria for a period not to exceed three months if the Presi-
13	dent transmits to the appropriate congressional commit-
14	tees in writing a determination that the post-Assad gov-
15	ernment of Syria is demonstrating a verifiable commit-
16	ment to—
17	(1) ceasing support for terrorists, including
18	Hizballah;
19	(2) preventing the illegal transfer of missile or
20	nuclear technology to any other country or entity;
21	(3) halting all support, including training, safe
22	haven, supplies, and financing, for—
23	(A) Hamas, Hizballah, Palestinian Islamic
24	Jihad, the Popular Front for the Liberation of
25	Palestine, the Popular Front for the Liberation

1	of Palestine-General Command, the Democratic
2	Front for the Liberation of Palestine, Fatah al-
3	Intifada, Fatah al-Islam, or the Jabhat al-
4	Nusra;
5	(B) any other organization designated by
6	the Secretary of State as a foreign terrorist or-
7	ganization in accordance with section 219(a) of
8	the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
9	1189(a));
10	(C) any person included on the Annex to
11	Executive Order 13224 (September 23, 2001)
12	and any other person identified under section 1
13	of such Executive Order whose property and in-
14	terests in property are blocked by such section
15	(commonly known as a "specially designated
16	global terrorist");
17	(D) any person designated under section 3
18	of Executive Order 13338 (May 13, 2004) or
19	under section 1 of Executive Order 13438 (July
20	17, 2007);
21	(E) the Syrian Social Nationalist Party; or
22	(F) any agency, instrumentality, affiliate,
23	or successor organization of the organizations
24	specified in subparagraph (A), (B), (C), (D), or
25	$(\mathrm{E});$

1	(4) dismantling Syria's chemical, biological, ra-
2	diological, and nuclear weapons programs and fully
3	cooperating with the United States and other rel-
4	evant parties to achieve such result;
5	(5) ceasing all efforts to design, develop, manu-
6	facture, or acquire—
7	(A) a nuclear explosive device or related
8	materials and technology;
9	(B) chemical, biological, and radiological
10	weapons; and
11	(C) ballistic missiles and ballistic missile
12	launch technology; and
13	(6) taking demonstrable steps to combat the
14	proliferation of the weapons described in paragraph
15	(5);
16	(7) refraining from presenting a threat to
17	United States national security, United States inter-
18	ests, or United States allies in the region;
19	(8) respecting the boundaries and sovereignty
20	of all neighboring countries and rejecting inter-
21	ference in their internal affairs; and
22	(9) upholding and defending the human rights,
23	civil liberties, and political freedoms of all its people,
24	including minorities.

1	(b) Renewal.—The President may renew the sus-
2	pension of sanctions under this section for up to two con-
3	secutive six-month periods if the President transmits to
4	the appropriate congressional committees in writing a de-
5	termination that the post-Assad government of Syria is
6	making substantial progress toward satisfying the condi-
7	tions in specified in subsection (a).
8	(c) Further Renewal.—If the maximum number
9	of suspension renewals specified in subsection (b) has been
10	reached, the President may further renew the suspension
11	of sanctions under this section for additional six-month
12	periods if the President transmits to the appropriate con-
13	gressional committees in writing a determination that the
14	post-Assad government has substantially satisfied the con-
15	ditions specified in paragraphs (1) through (8) of sub-
16	section (a) and is continuing to make substantial progress
17	toward satisfying the conditions specified in paragraph (9)
18	of such subsection.
19	SEC. 303. TEMPORARY PERSONNEL AUTHORITIES.
20	(a) Conditional Authority.—If the President
21	makes the determination described in section 301(b), the
22	following authorities shall apply:
23	(1) Limited career appointments.—The
24	Secretary and the Administrator may extend for a
25	period of time not to exceed 12 months a limited ap-

1 pointment under section 309(a) of the Foreign Serv-2 ice Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3949(a)), and may re-3 appoint a non-career Foreign Service employee who 4 has served five consecutive years under a limited ap-5 pointment, to a subsequent limited appointment in 6 order to facilitate the assignment of qualified em-7 ployees to Syria or to posts vacated by employees as-8 signed to Syria. 9 REEMPLOYMENT OF ANNUITANTS.—The 10 Secretary and the Administrator may waive the ap-11 plication of subsections (a) through (d) of section 12 824 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 13 4064), and may grant authority to the head of an 14 executive agency to waive the application of such 15 subsections, on a case-by-case basis for an annuitant 16 reemployed on a temporary basis, if and for so long 17 as such waiver is necessary to facilitate the assign-18 ment of qualified employees to Syria or to posts va-19 cated by employees assigned to Syria. 20 (3) Personal services contractors.— 21 (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State 22 and the Administrator of the United States 23 Agency for International Development may each 24 hire a total of up to 50 United States citizens

or aliens as personal services contractors, for

25

1		service in the United States, or for service both
2		in the United States and abroad, subject to the
3		following conditions:
4		(i) The Secretary or the Adminis-
5		trator, as the case may be, determines that
6		existing personnel resources are insuffi-
7		cient.
8		(ii) The contract length, including op-
9		tions, may not exceed two years, unless the
10		Secretary or the Administrator, as the case
11		may be, makes a finding that exceptional
12		circumstances justify an extension of up to
13		one additional year.
14		(iii) The authority provided in this
15		paragraph may only be used to obtain spe-
16		cialized skills or experience relevant to, or
17		to respond to urgent needs resulting from,
18		the transition in Syria.
19		(B) AUTHORITY.—The authority provided
20		in this paragraph shall be in addition to any
21		other authorities available to the Secretary or
22		the Administrator to hire personal service con-
23		tractors.
24	(b)	STATUS OF PERSONAL SERVICES CONTRAC-
25	TORS.—	

1	(1) In general.—An individual hired as a per-
2	sonal services contractor pursuant to subsection
3	(a)(3) shall not, by virtue of such hiring, be consid-
4	ered to be an employee of the United States Govern-
5	ment for purposes of any law administered by the
6	Office of Personnel Management.
7	(2) APPLICABLE LAWS.—An individual hired as
8	a personal services contractor pursuant to subsection
9	(a)(3) shall be covered, in the same manner as a
10	similarly situated employee, by—
11	(A) the Ethics in Government Act of 1978;
12	(B) chapter 73 of title 5, United States
13	Code;
14	(C) sections 201, 203, 205, 207, 208, and
15	209 of title 18, United States Code;
16	(D) section 1346 and chapter 171 of title
17	28, United States Code; and
18	(E) chapter 21 of title 41, United States
19	Code.
20	(3) Exception.—This subsection shall not af-
21	fect the determination as to whether an individual
22	hired as a personal services contractor pursuant to
23	this section is an employee of the United States Gov-
24	ernment for purposes of any Federal law not speci-
25	fied in paragraphs (1) and (2).

- 1 (c) General Authority.—The administrative au-
- 2 thorities provided in the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961
- 3 shall apply to assistance made available under this Act.
- 4 (d) TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY.—The authorities
- 5 provided under subsection (a) shall terminate on the date
- 6 that is three years after the date on which a determination
- 7 is made under section 301(a), except that a contract en-
- 8 tered into under such subsection (a) may remain in effect
- 9 until expiration.